

ASSIST NUMBER and PLACE VALUE (to

Year 1



Overview



Number and Place Value we learn to:

-Counting Forwards and Backwards within 100

-Partitioning Numbers

-Comparing Numbers -Ordering Numbers

-One More/ One Less

Number and Place Value is useful learning because it is the foundation for all other maths. It helps us to understand the value of digits of numbers and to use mental calculation methods. It helps us to use maths functionally in many areas of our lives.

Numbers to 50/ Counting On and Back

Numbers to 100 (numerals and words)									
1 one	2	3 three	4 four	5	6 six	7	8 eight	9 nine	10 ten
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
eleven	twelve	thirteen	fourteen	fifteen	sixteen		eighteen	nineteen	twenty
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
twenty-one	twenty-two	twenty-three	twenty-four	twenty-five	twenty-six	twenty-seven	twenty-eight	twenty-nine	thirty
31	32	33	34	35	36		38	39	40
thirty-one	thirty-two	thirty-three	thirty-four	thirty-five	thirty-six		thirty-eight	thirty-nine	forty
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
forty-one	forty-two	forty-three	forty-four	forty-five	forty-six	forty-seven	forty-eight	forty-nine	nny
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
fifty-one	fifty-two	fifty-three	fifty-four	fifty-five	fifty-six		fifty-eight	fifty-nine	sixty
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
sixty-one	sixty-two	sixty-three	sixty-four	sixty-five	sixty-six	sixty-seven	sixty-eight	sixty-nine	seventy
71					1000	77			80
81 eighty-one	82 eighty-two	83 eighty-three	84 eighty-four	85 elghty-five	86 eighty-six	87	88 eighty-eight	89	90
91 ninety-one	92 ninety-two	93		95 ninety-five		97	98 ninety-eight	99 ninety-nine	100 one hundred

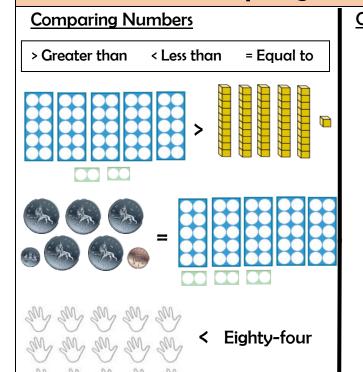
Counting On and Back

One more than 57 is 58.

10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11
30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21
40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31
50	49	18	4	46	45	44	43	42	41
60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51
70	69	68	67	66	65	64	63	62	61
80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71
90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81
100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91

One less than 99 is 98.

Comparing and Ordering Numbers



Ordering Numbers

Smallest to Greatest...

54, 59, 64, 73, 88

58, 63, 88, 89, 92

Greatest to Smallest...

88, 73, 64, 59, 54

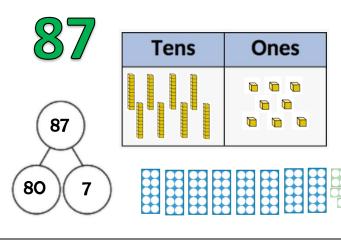
92, 89, 88, 63, 58

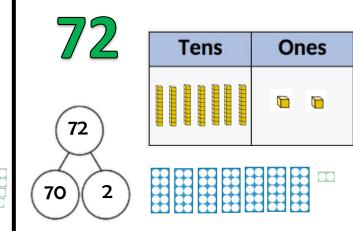


TOP TIP! When ordering numbers, look from left to right (compare the tens column and then the ones).

Partitioning and Representations

Partitioning means that we split numbers into smaller parts to make them easier to work with. An example is 87 = 80 + 7.





Key Vocabulary

Number Digit Smallest Ones Tens Hundreds **Partitioning** Smallest Least Greatest Greatest